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Inside Desk

MORNING EPAPER

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LEAD · CLIMATE & WEATHER

The night came in under the forecast

Météo-France warned on Monday that Gard and Hérault could go red. By 04:06 on Tuesday nine départements were orange and none red. A warning that overshoots is not a failed warning; it is a cheap one.

> Gard and Hérault were warned they could go red; by dawn nine départements were orange and none red. A warning that overshoots is cheap safety, not failure. Brent waited near $110. Eleven desks, every number sourced.

Read the lead →

Go to page 3 →

Southern France was warned of worse rain than came, and the closed bridges were the point; Paris read its curfew orders, oil waited near $110, and Parliament booked its questions.

ALSO INSIDE · 33 PIECES

8 POLITICS & INSTITUTIONS
Parliament booked its questions

9 PSYCHOLOGY & BEHAVIOUR
A bright post wins the glance, not the memory

11 MONEY, FX & COMMITTEES
Three central-bank decisions on three consecutive days

12 ORDINARY & INHERITED LIFE
Ordinary Ledger: the tank held its price

GEO-ECONOMICS · P. 5
Podium vs Print: the waiver that is already signed

MARKETS & MACRO · P. 7
Asia did not buy the Nasdaq bounce

ENERGY & INDUSTRY · P. 10
WTI's November contract expires; Brent waits near $110

THE DAY IN ONE SENTENCE

Southern France was warned of worse rain than came, and the closed bridges were the point; Paris read its curfew orders, oil waited near $110, and Parliament booked its questions.

Read this edition in reading view →

In this issue

3 LEAD
The night came in under the forecast

5 GEO-ECONOMICS · 3 PIECES
Podium vs Print: the waiver that is already signed

7 MARKETS & MACRO · 3 PIECES
Asia did not buy the Nasdaq bounce

8 POLITICS & INSTITUTIONS · 3 PIECES
Parliament booked its questions

9 PSYCHOLOGY & BEHAVIOUR · 3 PIECES
A bright post wins the glance, not the memory

10 ENERGY & INDUSTRY · 3 PIECES
WTI's November contract expires; Brent waits near $110

11 MONEY, FX & COMMITTEES · 3 PIECES
Three central-bank decisions on three consecutive days

12 ORDINARY & INHERITED LIFE · 3 PIECES
Ordinary Ledger: the tank held its price

13 TECH & COMPUTE · 3 PIECES
The grid set the opening date

14 HEALTH & CARE · 3 PIECES
North Kivu stopped for a day

15 SECURITY & ORDER · 3 PIECES
The Annex: two Paris orders, read line by line

16 CLIMATE & WEATHER · 3 PIECES
The night came in under the forecast

17 BACK PAGE
Before you close the tab

THIS ISSUE

Gard and Hérault were warned they could go red; by dawn nine départements were orange and none red. A warning that overshoots is cheap safety, not failure. Brent waited near $110. Eleven desks, every number sourced.

11 edition pieces · 11 desks · Available 06:30 CEST, 20 October 2026

22 ePaper extras, added 06:30 CEST, 20 October. They appear only in the ePaper and carry their own time.

The website edition

THE EPAPER RHYTHM

06:30 Morning ePaper (website edition at 08:30)

17:30 Evening ePaper, updated live until 22:30 with an “Updated” time and a Latest page

Sun 10:00 The Sunday Magazine

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Swipe, use the arrow keys or the page strip. Tap any headline for the reading view. Press `/` to search, `t` for contents, `+`/`-` to zoom. Download the PDF.

CLIMATE & WEATHER · LEAD · 4 MIN

The night came in under the forecast

Météo-France warned on Monday that Gard and Hérault could go red. By 04:06 on Tuesday nine départements were orange and none red. A warning that overshoots is not a failed warning; it is a cheap one.

On Monday morning Météo-France wrote that if its scenario of very intense, possibly stationary storms was confirmed, “a move to red vigilance would then be expected” for the Hérault and the Gard[3]. The Hérault prefecture passed on the same message: a risk of the warning being raised to red from the middle of the day[3]. The agency’s episode note put the expected totals on the eastern Hérault and the Gard at 200–250 mm, locally 300 mm[2].

At 04:06 on Tuesday the bulletin read differently. Nine départements are orange and none is red[1]. The Gard is orange for rain-flood, storms and floods; the Hérault is now orange only for floods, with its rain-flood and storm risks down to yellow[1]. The Aveyron and the Lozère are orange for floods. The new orange cells lie to the east: Ardèche, Bouches-du-Rhône, Haute-Corse, Var and Vaucluse[1]. Twelve more départements are yellow[1].

The gauges were less dramatic than the models. By about 16:00 on Monday, Nîmes had recorded some 35 mm since the start of the day, Saint-Gilles 48 mm, Saint-Hippolyte-du-Fort 50 mm and Le Vigan 60 mm, “less than the weather forecasts feared”, as Midi Libre put it[4]. In mid-afternoon the models lowered the expected intensity, and the episode was calm enough that the emergency services in the Gard had not been called out[4]. By 18:00 the private network Météo Ciel showed 79.7 mm on Mont Aigoual and 73 mm at Le Vigan[3].

The storm went elsewhere. On Monday evening Météo-France brought the Bouches-du-Rhône’s orange forward from Tuesday to that same evening, describing a rain-and-storm line over the Côte Bleue and Fos producing about 50 mm in an hour[3]. The local forecasting page Météo Méditerranée 34 wrote that the situation on the ground was “far from the scenario” the models had shown that morning[3].

A vigilance map is not a promise of disaster. It is a probability turned into instructions. When the most likely bad outcome does not arrive, the honest reading is not that the warning was wrong. It means the precautions were bought at the low price, before anyone needed them.

The precautions are worth listing, because this is where the system works. The Gard closed eight departmental roads in advance, including submersible bridges on the Cèze, the Vis and at Anduze[4]. Nîmes closed its municipal and intercommunal facilities from 16:00 on Monday until Tuesday noon, crèches and leisure centres included, with emergency childcare and a minimum service kept open[4]. Montpellier closed its parks and the Lez reserve, banned parking on the quai du Pirée and opened two gymnasiums from 19:00 for anyone who needed a roof[3]. Speed limits on the motorways were lowered by 20 km/h for cars and to 70 km/h for lorries[3].

None of this is glamorous. All of it targets the one behaviour that kills most people in these episodes. Météo-France's own reminder is that the main cause of death in a flood is driving on submerged roads and crossing submersible bridges over rivers in spate[3]. A closed bridge costs a detour. A crossed one can cost a life.

Rain is the fast part of a Mediterranean episode, and rivers are the slow part. That is why the orange stays on the flood column for the Gard, the Hérault, the Lozère and the Aveyron this morning, even where the rain warning has eased[1]. The Lez, the upper Hérault, the Vidourle and the Vistre were placed in orange for floods until about midday on Tuesday[3]. The ground had a head start. The agroclimatologist Serge Zaka noted on Monday that soils in the area were already filled to 70–90% of their water-holding capacity after earlier storms[3].

Across the border the same depression has already shown its other face. Spain's weather agency named it Adam, the first name on the list it shares with Météo-France[3]. RTVE counts four dead in Spain, more than 450 people rescued and more than 1,500 incidents handled by Valencia's emergency services. The state weather agency AEMET says the Safor district has seen nothing like it since November 1987[5].

Météo-France expects the rain, still intense, to move east on Tuesday afternoon and evening into Provence-Alpes-Côte d'Azur and Corsica. That would end the episode in the départements hit first, and the rain would clear completely the following night[2]. The machinery for following it is public and free. The vigilance map is updated at least at 06:00 and 16:00, and there is an ordinary-rate phone line, 05 67 22 95 00[1]. Two automatic services, APIC and Vigicrues Flash, send SMS, email and voice alerts to subscribed prefectures, town halls and operators[2].

You do not need to read a weather model. You need to read the colour of your département before you drive, and believe it a little more than the sky.

Whole piece in reading view →

WHAT TO WATCH

- Météo-France's 06:00 and 16:00 vigilance updates as the rain moves into Provence and Corsica on Tuesday afternoon and evening.
- The river column: Gard, Hérault, Lozère and Aveyron stay orange for floods (crues) after the rain itself has eased.
- Whether Nîmes and Montpellier reopen their closed facilities on schedule at Tuesday noon, and what the clean-up and insurance figures say later in the week.

DESK COMMENT

The best warning is the one that looks excessive the morning after. That is what it cost to be safe.

GEO-ECONOMICS · PODIUM VS PRINT · 2 MIN

Podium vs Print: the waiver that is already signed

At Mar-a-Lago the Russia decision was still open. In the executive order, every Graham Act duty is already waived, with no end date.

PODIUM

“A lot of you don't know what my decision is yet, but we'll figure it out, and you'll figure it out.”

President Donald Trump, speaking to reporters at Mar-a-Lago; Secretary of State Marco Rubio, 17 October 2026

PRINT

500%

The order sets a 500% duty on Russian goods and 100% duties on large buyers of Russian oil and gas, then waives all of them, with the waivers in effect until the President or the Secretary of State decides otherwise.

Executive order 'Implementing the Lindsey O. Graham Sanctioning Russia and Iran Act of 2026', section 4, 16 October 2026

The podium. The day after he signed the order, the President told reporters at his Mar-a-Lago club: “A lot of you don’t know what my decision is yet”[1]. Secretary of State Marco Rubio said the President would use “the 60-day period of time” to work out what sanctions and tariffs would mean for the global and US economy[1]. On Tuesday morning oil desks were still describing the situation as markets assessing an order that “waived some sanctions and tariffs”[4].

The print. The order is short and specific. Section 2 raises the duty on goods from Russia by 500% ad valorem, and by 100% on goods from the five largest buyers of Russian crude and gas if they make new purchases on or after 18 October[2]. Section 4 then waives those duties, together with a long list of the Act’s sanctions provisions[2]. The waivers “shall remain in effect until such time as the President or the Secretary of State” decide that further action is appropriate[2]. The text gives no 60-day limit. The law firm Herbert Smith Freehills Kramer read it the same way: the waivers “do not have a specified expiration date”, and existing Russia sanctions, including the 2022 ban on importing Russian oil into the US, still apply[3].

The gap. The podium describes a decision still to be made. The document describes one already made, which can be reversed at any time and has no deadline. Both can be true, but only one is binding. The 60 days come from a briefing; they are not in the text of the order.

Verdict. Read the order and treat the remarks as commentary on it. If the review becomes an official document, it will have a date on it. Until that happens, buyers of Russian oil face no 100% tariff, and the existing pre-Graham sanctions are unchanged.

GEO-ECONOMICS · SHORT ITEM · EPAPER EXTRA, ADDED 06:30 CEST

Hormuz: 254 transits, about 70% below normal

Fifteen ships hit in ten days. The UK's maritime office still counts every passage, and the count says the strait is open but thin.

Iran has attacked at least 15 container ships passing through the Strait of Hormuz in the past ten days, according to the Guardian’s count[1]. Some were hit by drones and others by mines. On Sunday one ship was struck by a rocket-propelled grenade fired from a small boat north-east of the Saudi port of Jubail[1]. The UK Maritime Trade Operations centre (UKMTO) recorded 12 attacks in the seven days to Friday 16 October[1].

The more useful figure is how many ships still got through. UKMTO’s weekly overview counted 254 transits, 125 outbound and 129 inbound, in the week to 14 October[1]. That is roughly 70% below pre-conflict levels[1]. Iran’s Revolutionary Guards say they may attack any ship that crosses without their permission or with its transponder switched off[1]. Tehran has also offered to reopen the strait within six days in return for sanctions relief[1].

On the diplomatic side, Russian foreign minister Sergei Lavrov visited Tehran. He offered to mediate and proposed a China–Russia–Iran summit on security in the strait[1]. That is a proposal for a meeting, not an agreement. The weekly UKMTO count will show whether anything changes at sea. You should trust it more than any statement from the region’s capitals.

WHAT TO WATCH

- Whether a written 60-day review appears anywhere official; the order itself names no review period.
- The trade representative's monitoring reports on buyers of Russian oil and gas, which section 3 of the order requires.
- Senator Darline Graham's meeting with the President on the campaign trail this week.

DESK COMMENT

A decision you can download is still a decision, whatever is said about it on a Saturday.

GEO-ECONOMICS · BRIEF · EPAPER EXTRA, ADDED 06:30 CEST

Macron reaches Bahrain; Qatar is next

King Hamad receives President Emmanuel Macron in Bahrain today on an official visit, the Royal Court announced[1]. Macron met UAE President Sheikh Mohamed bin Zayed in Abu Dhabi on Monday, after starting the tour in Kuwait[1]. The visit ends in Qatar tomorrow[1]. All four states have had energy sites attacked during the US–Iran war[1]. An Elysée source said Macron would push for “freedom of navigation in the Strait of Hormuz”[1]. Fuel supply contracts would be stronger evidence of results than the communiqués.

MARKETS & MACRO · 2 MIN

Asia did not buy the Nasdaq bounce

New York rallied on AI relief, Europe closed down more than 1% on French stress, and Seoul sold its chipmakers overnight. The bond market kept the most honest score.

Wall Street had a better Monday than anyone else. The S&P 500 rose 0.41% to 7,690.73 and the Nasdaq Composite gained 1.11% to 26,430.89, while the Dow slipped 0.07% to 51,966.03[2]. The Philadelphia semiconductor index rose 1.6%, ending an eight-day losing run[2]. Newsquawk's overnight note pointed out what the headline hid: breadth "was poor outside of AI names"[1].

Asia read the narrow rally as narrow. By early Tuesday trade, the Nikkei 225 was down 1.33% and the Kospi down 3.51%, with the MSCI Asia Pacific index 0.6% lower[2]. SK Hynix fell 5.56% and SoftBank Group 5.22%[2]. Newsquawk put the Kospi's fall in the first half of October at more than 17%, the steepest among major markets[1]. Euro Stoxx 50 futures pointed 0.6% lower at the time of that note (03:54 Berlin)[1].

Europe had already closed in the red before New York's bounce. The DAX ended Monday down 1.18% at 25,319.78, the CAC 40 down 1.11% at 7,868.06 and Italy's FTSE MIB down 1.55%[3]. Bonds did the more careful work. France's ten-year yield rose 8.6 basis points to 4.940%; Germany's rose 3.6 to 3.456%[3]. Desk arithmetic: that leaves the OAT–Bund gap at about 148 basis points, up from about 145 in Monday's evening edition. The US ten-year rose 4 basis points to 5.138% at the European close snapshot[3].

Today brings receipts rather than moods. Destatis publishes German producer prices for September at 08:00; the Dow Jones consensus expects +1.8% on the month and +6.3% on the year, after +4.6% in August[4]. In Paris the National Assembly votes on the revenue part of the budget bill, with the full vote set for 17 November[3]. A factory-gate index and a roll call will tell you more than a futures screen at dawn.

Nothing here is advice; it is a reading of prices and calendars that were public when it was written.

WHAT TO WATCH

- German producer prices for September at 08:00 Berlin: the Dow Jones survey expects +1.8% on the month and +6.3% on the year, after +4.6% in August.
- The French National Assembly's vote on the revenue half of the 2027 budget bill, scheduled for today.
- US earnings from Netflix, GE Aerospace, General Motors and RTX later today, with Tesla and Meta on Wednesday.

DESK COMMENT

A rally that only one continent believes is a rumour with a closing price.

MARKETS & MACRO · SHORT ITEM · EPAPER EXTRA, ADDED 06:30 CEST

Seoul pays for the memory-chip haggle

The Kospi fell more than 3% while New York's chip index rose. The reported cause is a price negotiation, not a collapse in demand.

South Korea's stock market fell hard again on Tuesday morning. The Kospi was down 3.51% and the smaller Kosdaq 4.14% in early trade[2]. SK Hynix lost 5.56% and Samsung Electronics 2.64%[2]. That happened on the morning after the Philadelphia semiconductor index in New York rose 1.6% and ended an eight-day losing streak[2].

The reason given is ordinary commerce. Newsquawk reported that large US technology buyers, including Apple and Tesla, are pushing for lower memory-chip prices and naming the Chinese suppliers CXMT and YMTC as alternatives[1]. On that account, the index has fallen more than 17% in the first half of October, the steepest drop among major global markets[1].

A buyer asking for a discount is not the same thing as a buyer walking away. The contract price is the document that settles it. Until memory contracts are actually repriced, today's selling is a forecast of a negotiation. You can check the outcome later in quarterly reports from Seoul, which carry both volumes and prices.

Nothing here is advice.

MARKETS & MACRO · BRIEF · EPAPER EXTRA, ADDED 06:30 CEST

US builders cut prices; buyers still stayed home

The NAHB housing market index for October came in at 29, far below the 50 line that separates good conditions from bad[1]. Prospective buyer traffic fell to 18 from 23[1]. 43% of builders cut prices, the highest share in the 2020–2026 period, with an average cut of 6%, and 65% offered incentives[1]. With the US ten-year yield near 5.14%[1], a discount on the house is competing with the price of the mortgage. Mortgage costs usually win that contest.

POLITICS & INSTITUTIONS · 2 MIN

Parliament booked its questions

After the speeches, the calendar: a Senate mission awaiting its rapporteurs, an Assembly inquiry proposed this morning, unions at Matignon at 10:30 the day after.

Sunday was a speech and Monday was a curfew map. Tuesday is the day the institutions book their questions — in writing, with dates.

The Senate's law committee decided on Monday to open a cross-party fact-finding mission on the events of 17 and 18 October[1]. Its own press release does not mince words: the policing plan "a rapidement été débordé par les événements", and the mission will establish "la chaîne des événements", judge the policing set-up and the penal response, and determine administrative, institutional, legal and political responsibilities[1]. Every Senate group sits on it; it may ask for the powers of a commission of inquiry, and its rapporteurs are to be named "mercredi prochain"[1].

At the Assembly, Yaël Braun-Pivet proposes this morning, at the Conférence des présidents, a commission of inquiry into the disorder, the methods of the violent groups and the public-order strategy, including "le dimensionnement et la doctrine" of policing[2]. Socialist, LFI and Ensemble deputies backed the idea on LCP on Monday evening; the RN said it would decide its position on Tuesday morning[3]. One dull constraint matters: with the presidential election ahead, parliamentary work ends on 28 February, so any inquiry may report early next year rather than run its usual six months[3].

The government's own table is set for Wednesday. Matignon has invited the CFDT, CGT, FO, CFE-CGC and CFTC for 10:30, with the prime minister, the interior minister and the labour minister, according to the invitation letter seen by franceinfo[4]. Separately, the Senate's long-running mission on the future of public order — launched in January — was due to close its work on Monday and present its report to the press on Wednesday[5]. Coincidence of calendar, says Public Sénat. Useful coincidence, says this desk: a report written before the weekend is a baseline nobody can accuse of hindsight.

You do not have to pick a side in the argument to notice what changed overnight. Questions now have owners, rooms and dates. That is how a country that lost control of some streets for a weekend starts taking back the paperwork.

WHAT TO WATCH

- Tuesday's Conférence des présidents at the Assembly: is the inquiry created, and with what remit and end date?
- The Senate rapporteurs (due 'mercredi prochain') and Wednesday's report from the existing public-order mission.
- Wednesday 10:30 at Matignon: does the union meeting end with dated commitments or a communiqué?

DESK COMMENT

Anger fills a weekend. A committee with a deadline fills a file.

POLITICS & INSTITUTIONS · SHORT ITEM · EPAPER EXTRA, ADDED 06:30 CEST

Brussels pointed at the rulebook, not the off switch

The Commission condemned the looting, defended peaceful protest, and reminded platforms what the law already obliges them to do.

While French politicians argued on Monday about blocking social networks, the European Commission said something more modest and more useful.

Its spokesman Markus Lammert called the arson, looting and attacks on people and public buildings "inacceptables", and in the same breath asked France to protect the right to demonstrate peacefully: those who march, he said, must not be lumped in with those who commit violence[1]. France 24 summarised the line the same way[2].

Continue in reading view →

POLITICS & INSTITUTIONS · BRIEF · EPAPER EXTRA, ADDED 06:30 CEST

The RN will send a vice-president

Jordan Bardella said on Monday that neither he nor Marine Le Pen will attend the meeting of party leaders that Sébastien Lecornu is to host after the violence; the RN will "très certainement" be represented by a vice-president[1]. No date has been announced[1]. Lecornu asked them to reconsider because "la sécurité de la campagne présidentielle" will be on the agenda, though he said the invitation letter had not yet gone out[1]. A meeting without a date is an intention. Watch for the letter.

PSYCHOLOGY & BEHAVIOUR · 2 MIN

A bright post wins the glance, not the memory

The platforms are summoned this morning. A new eye-tracking study is a useful reminder of what a feed can and cannot do to you.

The government meets the main social networks this morning. L'Informé lists TikTok, Snapchat, Google's YouTube and Meta among those summoned after the weekend's violent scenes travelled across their feeds[1]; France 24 confirms a Tuesday-morning meeting with the "principales plateformes de réseaux sociaux"[2]. On Monday Gabriel Attal called for a "blocage temporaire, ciblé" of some platforms to "stopper l'effet de meute"[3].

Before the meeting, a small piece of evidence worth having in your pocket. A study published this month in Computers in Human Behavior had 347 US adults scroll a mock feed while webcam eye-tracking followed their gaze[4]. The researchers changed one thing: whether the misleading post was the most vivid item in the feed, or the dull one among vivid neighbours[4]. When it was the brightest, people looked at it faster. But they did not look at it longer, and they did not remember its message better[4]. "Our eyes naturally jump toward bright, vibrant colors before our brain even starts evaluating the content," the lead author, Jiyoung Lee, said[5].

That is a narrower finding than the headlines about feeds usually allow, and that is its value. Feed design steers the first glance. The first glance is not the same as being persuaded. The authors' own conclusion is about layout, not switches: platforms and media-literacy programmes should look at how visual contrast across a whole feed directs attention[5].

Attention, meanwhile, can be counted. Médiamétrie measured an average of 16.7 million viewers for Sunday's eight-minute presidential address across the channels that carried it[3]. A country that sat down in those numbers for a speech is not only a country of reflex scrollers.

The constructive habit is boring: when a clip arrives first and brightest, let the second look — the source, the date, the official count — do the deciding. The meeting this morning will be judged the same way: not by how it looks, but by what it writes down.

WHAT TO WATCH

- What comes out of this morning's platform meeting: named measures and deadlines, or a photo opportunity.
- Whether any platform publishes takedown or reach figures for the weekend's videos.
- Whether the 'temporary block' idea survives contact with the people who would have to run it.

DESK COMMENT

The eye is quick and the memory is choosy. Build for the second.

PSYCHOLOGY & BEHAVIOUR · SHORT ITEM · EPAPER EXTRA, ADDED 06:30 CEST

The shoe video had a receipt

Nearly three million views for two police officers 'looting' in Limoges. The prosecutor, the police and the shop manager told a duller story.

The clip looked like a confession. Two police officers at a looted Lacoste shop in Limoges pick up white trainers and stow them in their motorbike cases, glancing around. On Facebook it was viewed nearly three million times; one online outlet that relayed it under a "police looting" headline has since changed the title[1].

On Monday the paperwork arrived. The national police account said the officers acted on the instruction of a judicial police officer to secure items in a flagrante delicto investigation[1]. The Limoges prosecutor "fermement démenti" the allegations: the officers had been ordered to take items immediately reachable from the window as evidence in an aggravated-theft inquiry, and those items have since been returned to the manager[1]. The manager told franceinfo he went to the police station on Sunday and got some trainers back, including the white pair seen in the video[1]. …

Continue in reading view →

PSYCHOLOGY & BEHAVIOUR · BRIEF · EPAPER EXTRA, ADDED 06:30 CEST

Leboncoin said: no consolidated data

After the looting, screenshots of suspect listings spread fast, and the government summoned Vinted, eBay, Leboncoin, Amazon, Meta and TikTok on Monday evening to discuss removals[1]. Vinted said it was deleting suspect listings; eBay said it could not, "à ce stade", confirm a rise[1]. Leboncoin said it had no consolidated data showing a rise in problem listings or price shifts tied to 17–18 October, while staying "particulièrement vigilant"[1]. A screenshot shows that a thing exists. Only a count shows how much of it there is.

ENERGY & INDUSTRY · 2 MIN

WTI's November contract expires; Brent waits near $110

Monday's settlements split: US crude rose $2.25 and Brent slipped 31 cents. European gas held near €88 and diesel near $1,470 a tonne. The expiry date matters more than the headlines.

Monday's settlements went in opposite directions. WTI for November delivery rose $2.25, or 2.22%, to $103.66 a barrel on Nymex. Brent for December fell 31 cents to $109.55 on ICE[1]. Brent had traded as high as $110.70 during the session, its highest level since 20 May[2].

The US number needs care. The November WTI contract expires today[2]. At 02:10 Berlin time it was quoted at $103.32, while the more active December contract was at $98.08[2]. Desk arithmetic: that is a gap of about $5.24 between two consecutive months of the same crude. A gap that wide usually means oil is scarce right now, not in December. By 04:20 Berlin, Brent was 21 cents higher at $109.76[3].

Two stories are pulling on the price. On one side is the US executive order waiving Russia-related sanctions and tariffs. On the other are new Houthi claims of attacks on Saudi energy sites, which Saudi authorities had not confirmed[3]. Goldman Sachs has set out scenarios with oil at $120 if attacks on shipping escalate and $80 if exports return to normal[3]. Those are scenarios, not forecasts, and the bank presents them that way.

European gas was calmer. The Dutch TTF benchmark ended Monday virtually flat at €87.88 per megawatt-hour, still up about 210% on the year[4]. ICE low-sulphur gasoil, Europe's diesel and heating-oil benchmark, was at $1,470 a tonne at 04:46 Berlin[5]. For your fuel bill, gasoil is the price to watch, because it arrives with a delivery date.

Nothing here is advice; these are published prices with their times.

WHAT TO WATCH

- WTI November expiry today: in the early quote, the gap between November and December was more than $5.
- Weekly US inventory data; a preliminary Reuters poll expects crude and product stocks to have fallen.
- German producer prices at 08:00 Berlin, the first official reading of how September's energy costs reached factory gates.

DESK COMMENT

Price headlines last a day, but every futures contract has an expiry date.

ENERGY & INDUSTRY · SHORT ITEM · EPAPER EXTRA, ADDED 06:30 CEST

The Houthis claim Yanbu and Shaybah; Riyadh has not confirmed

Four targets named, none independently verified. The market priced the claims anyway, though only modestly.

Yemen's Iran-aligned Houthis said on Monday that they had launched several attacks on Saudi energy, airport and military targets[1]. The sites they named were an Aramco facility at Yanbu, the Shaybah oilfield, King Khalid International Airport in Riyadh and Abha airport[1]. Saudi authorities did not immediately confirm the claims, and Reuters could not verify them independently[1].

Separately, a Houthi attack on a government security-forces training camp in Yemen's Shabwa province killed 58 people and injured more than 200, according to reports[1]. Asian traders cited the renewed attacks on Saudi energy facilities as one reason oil rose and risk appetite fell on Tuesday morning[2].

So far this is a list of claims, not a damage report. Yanbu is Saudi Arabia's Red Sea export outlet, and Shaybah is a major field. If either had lost output, it would show up in loading schedules and in Aramco statements within days. Until then, the reasonable position is that something was attempted and the scale of any damage is unknown. By early Tuesday, Brent was up only 21 cents[1]. You will learn more from the next confirmed tanker loading than from the next claim of responsibility.

ENERGY & INDUSTRY · BRIEF · EPAPER EXTRA, ADDED 06:30 CEST

German gas storage is 61.2% full, 26.8 points below normal

On gas day 18 October, the latest published in GIE's AGSI+ data, EU storage stood at 74.6% full, or 845 of 1,133 TWh[1]. That is 8.2 points below the same day last year and 14.6 below the five-year average[1]. Germany, the largest store at 247 TWh, was 61.2% full, 26.8 points below its five-year average, though still injecting (+0.9 points in seven days)[1]. Poland was at 98.8%[1]. In winter, how close the gas is to you matters as much as the EU-wide average.

MONEY, FX & COMMITTEES · 2 MIN

Three central-bank decisions on three consecutive days

The Fed decides on 28 October, the ECB on 29 October and the Bank of Japan on 30 October. The euro is near $1.12 and the dollar near ¥158.5 while markets wait.

The next fortnight's dates are already published. The Federal Reserve's committee meets on 27–28 October[1]. The ECB's Governing Council meets in Frankfurt on 28–29 October, with a press conference on the 29th[2]. The Bank of Japan decides on 30 October[3]. That puts three of the world's most closely watched rate decisions on three consecutive days.

Current pricing is calm for October and firmer for December. CME FedWatch put an 82.8% probability on the Fed holding rates this month, but about 93.6% on a hike in December[3]. For the Bank of Japan, swaps priced less than a 5% chance of a 25 basis point rise to 1.50% on 30 October and about 80% for 18 December, according to Brown Brothers Harriman[3]. For the ECB, a December hike to 2.75% is widely expected[5]. Over the weekend, President Christine Lagarde said the sell-off in sovereign bonds was raising borrowing costs and making it harder than the ECB had projected for households and firms to absorb energy bills[5].

Currencies are quiet so far. At Monday's European close the euro was at $1.1204, down 0.31% on the day, and the dollar at ¥158.51[4]. USD/JPY held near 158.50 in Tuesday's Asian session[3]. BoJ Governor Kazuo Ueda said underlying inflation is rising very close to the 2% target. He warned that long-term yields could rise if markets think the bank is not raising rates at the right pace[3].

A central bank that says what it is watching makes your decisions easier than one that surprises you. Two have said so already: Lagarde named energy bills and borrowing costs, and Ueda named wages, prices and long yields[3,5]. This week's data will show which of those still matter on decision day.

Nothing here is advice.

WHAT TO WATCH

- Japan's September CPI on Friday; BBH expects core inflation excluding fresh food to rise to 2.1% from 1.7%.
- The French budget revenue vote today, which investingLive describes as a test for the euro.
- Whether Fed pricing for a December hike, about 93.6% on CME FedWatch, holds through this week's data.

DESK COMMENT

A central bank's calendar is a promise to decide. Markets can guess the outcome, but not the date.

MONEY, FX & COMMITTEES · SHORT ITEM · EPAPER EXTRA, ADDED 06:30 CEST

Beijing left its loan rates alone for a 17th month

The one-year LPR stays at 3.0% and the five-year at 3.5%. The governor is planning to make the overnight rate the main policy rate.

China kept its one-year loan prime rate at 3.0% and its five-year rate at 3.5% on Tuesday, as expected[1]. It is the 17th month in a row without a change; both were last cut, by 10 basis points, in May 2025[1]. The seven-day reverse repo rate, at 1.40%, remains the main policy rate[1].

The governor's comments on Monday mattered more than the hold. Speaking at the Financial Street Forum in Beijing, People's Bank of China (PBoC) Governor Pan Gongsheng said the bank would study moving its main operations to an overnight tenor when the time is right. That would make the overnight reverse repo rate the main policy rate[1]. …

Continue in reading view →

MONEY, FX & COMMITTEES · BRIEF · EPAPER EXTRA, ADDED 06:30 CEST

Takaichi says the weak yen is not her doing

Prime Minister Sanae Takaichi rejected the idea that she is responsible for a weak yen and high interest rates[1]. She said her government would strengthen confidence in the currency by building a strong economy. She also said it would appropriately control Japanese government bond issuance in next fiscal year's budget[1]. The dollar was near ¥158.50 in Tuesday's Asian session[1]. When the budget draft is published, its issuance figure will show whether she kept that promise.

ORDINARY & INHERITED LIFE · 2 MIN

Ordinary Ledger: the tank held its price

German heating oil spent Monday almost exactly where it started. The national average says flat; the map of the Länder says your postcode still decides about €230 on a normal order.

Tuesday's ordinary ledger begins with a number that refused to move.

Screen. At 05:11 this morning HeizOel24 put the German average for a 3,000-litre order at €170.65 per 100 litres, 0.01% above the previous day[1]. On Monday, the portal had already said that Germany and Austria barely felt the lower oil price[1]. Overnight, the market added nothing.

Doorstep. tanke-günstig, which quotes a 2,000-litre order, had the national average at €178.34 per 100 litres at 23:00 on Monday, up 0.2 on the day[2]. On Friday morning it reported €178.21 and said that was still one of the highest levels ever seen at the start of a heating season[3]. Three days of headlines, and the delivery ticket stayed put.

Map. The national figure hides a spread. Sachsen-Anhalt was cheapest at €172.73 and Saarland dearest at €184.24[2]. Rheinland-Pfalz and Saarland each rose 1.9 on the day, while Brandenburg, Sachsen, Sachsen-Anhalt and Thüringen each fell 0.4[2].

Desk arithmetic (labelled). €184.24 minus €172.73 is €11.51 per 100 litres. On a 2,000-litre order that is about €230 between the two ends of the table, on the same night and for the same fuel. Monday's whole national move, 0.2 per 100 litres, comes to about €4 on that order.

tanke-günstig argues that dealers' margins are thin, so the day you order matters more than which dealer you pick[2]. Its own regional table shows that where you live matters too. Only a written quote for your postcode reflects both. Nothing here is advice to buy, wait or switch. The price that counts is the one in the offer with your name on it.

WHAT TO WATCH

- Whether HeizOel24's 3,000-litre average moves off €170.65 once Tuesday's gasoil trading opens.
- The gap between the cheapest and dearest Länder on tanke-günstig; it is wider than most daily moves.
- Your dealer's written offer for your postcode and volume; portals publish averages.

DESK COMMENT

A flat average is not a flat country.

ORDINARY & INHERITED LIFE · SHORT ITEM · EPAPER EXTRA, ADDED 06:30 CEST

The early pension may get a longer count

A reported Union compromise would keep retirement without deductions after 45 years but count fewer of them. The fine print is which years still count.

Germany's pension argument has moved from slogans to what counts as a contribution year. According to Deutschlandfunk, citing a Bild report, the CDU/CSU parliamentary group is discussing a compromise on retirement without deductions for people with very long insurance records[1].

The reported idea would keep retirement without deductions after 45 contribution years in substance. However, time spent raising children or caring for relatives might count only partly, or not at all[1]. That could mean many workers need noticeably more years before they can retire early without losing money[1]. Bild quotes an unnamed Union MP who called it a serious concession to the Social Democrats. The labour ministry, run by the SPD under its new minister Schweitzer, would not comment[1].

So the headline promise survives, but some of the years it relied on may not. …

Continue in reading view →

ORDINARY & INHERITED LIFE · BRIEF · EPAPER EXTRA, ADDED 06:30 CEST

The pump is cheaper before noon

At 05:12 on Tuesday the national average at open stations was €2.089 a litre for Super E10 and €2.225 for diesel[1]. The ADAC's last weekly figures, published on 14 October, were €2.151 and €2.247[2]. Desk arithmetic: that is about 6 cents lower for E10 and about 2 cents lower for diesel. But the two are measured differently. Under the noon rule, stations may raise prices only once a day, at 12:00[2], so a pre-dawn snapshot catches the day's falling end. The fuel-tax rebate runs to the end of December[2]. Nothing here is advice. The ADAC says the cheapest time to fill up is now just before midday[2].

TECH & COMPUTE · 2 MIN

The grid set the opening date

Microsoft has walked away from the Essex data centre ministers once called Britain's largest sovereign AI site. Nobody disputed the chips. The substation decided.

The most important document in Britain's AI strategy this week is a connection offer from an electricity network.

What happened. Microsoft has ended its agreement to be part of Nscale's planned data centre at Loughton in Essex[1,2]. Ministers had promoted the site when they launched the UK's AI strategy in 2025, calling it the "largest UK sovereign AI datacentre"[1]. It was meant to open next year[1]. Microsoft was expected to be the anchor tenant and was Nscale's only publicly announced customer for the site[1]. The BBC reports that Microsoft had said it would fund a supercomputer there, and only last month it linked part of its $30bn UK investment to it[2]. Microsoft declined to comment to the BBC[2].

Why. According to the Guardian, UK Power Networks, which runs the grid in London and the south-east, told Nscale earlier this month that it could not supply enough power until the early-to-mid 2030s[1]. The BBC says the site had expected power at the end of this year[2]. Nscale calls it "this unfortunate London-wide grid issue". It says it is "exploring alternative power sources for the site" and that its relationship with Microsoft "remains strong and long-term"[1,2]. The two companies still work together in Norway, Portugal and the United States[2].

What it costs. Nscale is backed by Nvidia and hoped to list in New York this year at a possible valuation of $35bn, according to the Guardian[1]. The site's planned 250 permanent jobs now wait for the grid[2].

Desk reading. This is not a story about weak demand for AI. It is a story about a slow queue for connections. Announcements count chips, but the date a site goes live depends on transformers, cables and the network operator's queue. Those are dull institutions, and they hold the most power in this business. If you want to know when Europe's AI capacity will really arrive, read the connection offers, not the press releases.

WHAT TO WATCH

- Whether Nscale names on-site generation for Loughton, and whether it can get permission for it.
- Whether UK Power Networks publishes a firmer connection date for the site.
- What this week's hyperscaler earnings calls say about power, not just chips.

DESK COMMENT

A data centre without a grid connection is just an expensive car park.

TECH & COMPUTE · SHORT ITEM · EPAPER EXTRA, ADDED 06:30 CEST

Tuesday's tape: cars, a streamer and an airline

Before Meta and Tesla on Wednesday, three US reports tonight will show what high fuel bills and a restructuring look like in practice.

This week, 70 S&P 500 companies report. Of the roughly 45 that have reported so far this season, 85% beat earnings estimates, according to FactSet data cited by CNBC[1]. Tuesday comes before the big AI names.

General Motors reports before the US open. Analysts polled by LSEG expect earnings per share up nearly 30% on flat revenue, after vehicle sales fell 5.5% last quarter[1]. Netflix reports after the close. It is expected to show about 40% earnings growth, and last week it announced plans to cut about 1,000 jobs, roughly 6% of its staff, and replaced its chief content officer[1]. CNBC notes that Netflix shares have struggled after five straight reports[1]. United Airlines also reports after the bell. Analysts expect revenue growth of more than 15% but lower earnings per share, after fuel costs tied to the US-Iran war hit last quarter's results[1].

Then comes Wednesday. LSEG consensus has Meta's earnings per share up about 460% and Tesla's down 14.5%, according to CNBC[1]. …

Continue in reading view →

TECH & COMPUTE · BRIEF · EPAPER EXTRA, ADDED 06:30 CEST

The Nvidia pact arrived without a number

At Monday's "Invest in Germany" summit, the economy and research ministries signed a declaration of intent with Nvidia. It aims to develop advanced AI models for "physical AI", meaning robots and other machines[1]. Nvidia says it will open its models to small and mid-sized firms and research institutes, not only to large industry[1]. The federal government gave no figure for any investment[1]. A media report speaks of a three-digit million-euro sum, partly to rent computing capacity in Deutsche Telekom's AI cloud[1]. A declaration is not a contract. Watch for the budget line and the data terms.

HEALTH & CARE · 2 MIN

North Kivu stopped for a day

On Monday Beni, Butembo and their neighbours closed schools, markets and fuel stations so the Ebola message could be heard. The clinics stayed open, which was the point.

A shut market is a strange tool for public health, but on Monday North Kivu used one.

The day. Radio Okapi reported that economic activity and schools stopped in Beni, Butembo, Oïcha, Lubero-centre and Kasindi-Lubiriha on Monday 19 October[1]. Schools, markets, small shops and fuel stations closed. Few motorbike taxis ran, and police set up checkpoints to enforce the measure[1]. A provincial notice signed on 9 October set the rules. Health facilities, pharmacies, Ebola response teams and security services kept working[2]. The day was agreed with civil society, religious groups and business, and was meant both to honour the dead and to win support for the response[2].

The numbers behind it. Governor Évariste Somo Kakule cited the rise in cases. “As of 17 October 2026, we have 1,252 deaths. The case fatality rate is estimated at 60%,” he said (our translation)[1]. The provincial count on 8 October was 1,859 confirmed cases, 1,110 deaths and 496 active cases[2]. ECDC’s page, updated on 19 October, lists North Kivu at 2,036 confirmed cases and 1,156 deaths from 17 of the province’s 34 health zones, using data up to 17 October[3].

Desk arithmetic (labelled). ECDC’s figures give a fatality share of about 57% among confirmed cases in North Kivu. The governor’s 1,252 deaths are higher than ECDC’s 1,156 confirmed deaths. The provincial figure is probably counted on a wider basis, so do not treat the two as one series.

What it is for. Radio Okapi says some health zones still resist the response[1]. That is why the day matters more than its closures. ECDC says 80% of identified contacts across the affected provinces are under follow-up[3]. The remaining fifth is where outbreaks grow. A vaccination campaign began in Beni on Friday 16 October[1]. Trust brings people to the door when the tracing team knocks, and a day of shared mourning helps build that trust.

WHAT TO WATCH

- ECDC's next weekday update: whether North Kivu's count of affected health zones (17 of 34) holds.
- Whether the share of contacts under follow-up rises above 80%.
- Uptake reports from the vaccination campaign launched in Beni on 16 October.

DESK COMMENT

A town that shuts for a day to listen is not giving up. It is taking part in the response.

HEALTH & CARE · SHORT ITEM · EPAPER EXTRA, ADDED 06:30 CEST

Darmstadt buys a quarterly injection

Merck KGaA will pay about $1.3bn for Silence Therapeutics, a London firm whose lead drug aims to replace routine blood-letting with a shot every three months.

On Monday, Merck KGaA of Darmstadt agreed to buy Silence Therapeutics, a biotech company based in London, for $20 per ADS in cash. The deal gives Silence an equity value of about $1.3bn and an enterprise value of $1.1bn[1]. The price is an 82% premium to Silence’s 30-day average share price[1].

The asset is a treatment for patients. Divesiran is an siRNA drug for polycythemia vera, a rare blood cancer in which the body makes too many red blood cells[1]. Many patients today are treated by regular phlebotomy, which means having blood drawn. In the Phase 2 SANRECO study, 88% of patients on divesiran responded, against 19% on placebo. Over weeks 0 to 36, patients on the drug needed an average of 0.2 phlebotomies, against 2.1 on placebo[1]. It is injected under the skin once every three months, and the company reports no new safety findings[1]. The next step is a Phase 3 trial.

The deal is due to close in the first quarter of 2027. …

Continue in reading view →

HEALTH & CARE · BRIEF · EPAPER EXTRA, ADDED 06:30 CEST

Kenya traced 99% of contacts

Kenya has traced and quarantined more than 99% of the contacts of its Ebola cases, the International Rescue Committee said on Monday[1]. ECDC counts eight cases, including one death, as of 18 October. All are linked to the first patient, who travelled from Congo through Uganda[2]. Most of the later cases were already in quarantine when they tested positive, among them three health workers; the eighth was a patient attendant[2]. The IRC is helping the health ministry with screening at Jomo Kenyatta International Airport and in 13 high-risk counties[1]. The work still needs funding that the IRC says is arriving “neither fast enough nor at the necessary scale”[1].

SECURITY & ORDER · 2 MIN

The Annex: two Paris orders, read line by line

The prefect of police signed a curfew and a gathering ban for Monday night. Read as documents, they are narrower, more specific and more checkable than the word curfew suggests.

Today's annex is the pair of orders the Paris prefect of police signed on Monday, as read and summarised by actu.fr[1], with the prefecture's own wording relayed by franceinfo and Le Figaro[2,3].

What the first order does. It bans movement from 23:00 on Monday 19 October to 06:00 on Tuesday 20 October in two precisely drawn zones: the central esplanade of Place de la République, and a sector around Les Halles that includes Place Maurice-Quentin, rue Berger and stretches of rue Rambuteau and boulevard de Sébastopol[1]. It applies to everyone, not only minors, the prefecture said[2].

Who is exempt. Residents who can prove their address "par tout moyen", people who must reach the zone for work, shopkeepers and the emergency services[1]. There is no general exemption for walkers, tourists or people simply crossing at night[1].

What a breach costs. A fourth-class contravention under article R. 644-5-1 of the penal code: a €135 fixed fine, up to €750 if a court hears it[1]. That is a ticket, not a prison sentence.

What the second order does. It bans undeclared processions and gatherings from 20:00 on Monday to 06:00 on Tuesday in a wider set of areas, including République, Les Halles, the Champs-Élysées and several main stations[1]. Organising a banned or undeclared demonstration carries up to six months and €7,500 under article 431-9 — a penalty aimed at organisers, not at everyone present[1]. Inside the perimeters, carrying weapons, fireworks and some flammable products without legitimate reason is also banned[1].

The reasons it gives. The orders cite 855 arrests on Saturday and 351 more on Sunday, 314 members of the security forces injured over the two days, and 36 shops damaged on Sunday, 33 of them looted[1]. The prefecture's public line: the measures are needed "pour rétablir la paix publique"[3].

What happened. A quarter of an hour into the curfew, Le Figaro's reporter found Châtelet-les-Halles calm, police taping off the perimeter and asking people to leave "en raison d'un arrêté préfectoral"[3]. France 24's overnight summary described curfews in force on Monday night in Paris, Lyon, Lille and Nice, in parts of each city only[4]. …

Continue in reading view →

WHAT TO WATCH

- Whether the prefecture of police signs fresh orders for Tuesday night, and whether the perimeters move.
- A first count of curfew fines (the R. 644-5-1 contraventions) — the number that shows how the order was used.
- Displacement: the mayor's worry that a small perimeter pushes trouble next door.

DESK COMMENT

A curfew you can map is a rule. A curfew you can only feel is a mood.

SECURITY & ORDER · SHORT ITEM · EPAPER EXTRA, ADDED 06:30 CEST

The curfews now have end dates

Bordeaux to Monday, Nice to Sunday, the Nord for two nights: the regional orders are written for days, not for ever.

Outside Paris, Monday's orders came with something reassuring: an expiry.

In Bordeaux, prefect Sophie Brocas imposed a curfew on minors not accompanied by a legal guardian, from 22:00 to 07:00, starting Tuesday 20 October and running until the morning of Monday 26 October, on rue Sainte-Catherine, rue de la Porte-Dijeaux, cours de l'Intendance and three more streets and squares hit by Saturday's looting[1].

Continue in reading view →

SECURITY & ORDER · BRIEF · EPAPER EXTRA, ADDED 06:30 CEST

Rennes banned Tuesday's eleven o'clock

School students had called a rally for 11:00 today on Rennes's esplanade Charles-de-Gaulle. On Monday night the Ille-et-Vilaine prefecture banned it by order, citing "les graves troubles à l'ordre public constatés le 17 octobre" and the risk of new violence[1]. The order describes an undeclared gathering with 1,500 to 2,000 people expected[1]. Earlier that evening the prefect had also banned night-time gatherings in parts of the city centre and around the Colombia and Alma shopping centres[1]. A ban with a reason attached can be contested. That is the point of writing it down.

This desk's lead is on page 3: The night came in under the forecast.

CLIMATE & WEATHER · SHORT ITEM · EPAPER EXTRA, ADDED 06:30 CEST

Champi points at the Sakishima Islands

Japan's weather agency gives Ishigaki a 94% chance of storm-force winds within five days. A probability is a planning tool, and Okinawa's outer islands now have two days to use it.

Typhoon Champi, No. 30 of the season in Japan's count, was east of the Philippines at 09:00 Japan time on Tuesday (02:00 Berlin). It was moving west-north-west at 20 km/h with a central pressure of 945 hPa and maximum winds near the centre of 50 m/s, gusting to 70 m/s[1]. It is forecast to reach the sea south of Okinawa on Thursday and Friday[1].

The useful numbers are the Japan Meteorological Agency's probabilities of entering the storm-wind zone within five days: Ishigaki 94%, Yonaguni 89%, Miyako 74%, and only 4% for the northern and central parts of Okinawa's main island[1]. Swells have already reached Okinawa. Seas of 5 metres or more are expected on Wednesday, and gusts above 40 m/s are possible around Friday[1]. Beyond the weekend the forecast spread widens: some model runs head for Taiwan and mainland China, others turn north towards western Japan[1].

The season itself is a statistic. Champi is the 30th typhoon of the year. That total was last reached in 2013, and 2026 is only the third year since 1951 with a typhoon in every month from January to October[1]. You cannot move a typhoon. A 94% figure two days ahead is enough to move boats, shutters and ferry timetables.

CLIMATE & WEATHER · BRIEF · EPAPER EXTRA, ADDED 06:30 CEST

Adam's first invoice is in greenhouses

El Ejido, in Almería, put its first valuation of storm Adam's material damage at more than €5 million. About 100 hectares of greenhouses were hit after 70 litres per square metre fell in roughly two hours on Saturday. Damage on rural land comes to €4.34 million, €3.9 million of it on farms[1]. In Alicante, the government's sub-delegate asked everyone affected to photograph and document their damage, both for insurance and for future public aid[1]. The camera comes before the broom, because the claim needs the picture.

Before you close the tab

THE DAY IN ONE SENTENCE

Southern France was warned of worse rain than came, and the closed bridges were the point; Paris read its curfew orders, oil waited near $110, and Parliament booked its questions.

ONE THING YOU CAN DO THIS WEEK

This week, before any journey in rough weather, open your national weather service's warning map once and note the colour where you are going, not just where you are. Ten seconds. If it is orange, think about bridges and underpasses on the way rather than the sky above you.

A habit, not advice. Nothing here tells you what to buy, sign or switch.

WHAT WENT RIGHT

Germany's grid ran mostly on renewables this year. Fraunhofer ISE's Energy-Charts reports 215 TWh of renewable public net generation in the first three quarters of 2026 against 120 TWh from fossil sources, covering 62.1% of grid load [1] — up from 35.2% in the same months of 2015 [2]. Solar panels alone fed in more than 76 TWh, 21% more than a year earlier [3]. That is not a pledge. It is metered electricity.

IN EUROS AT HOME

At 05:12 on Tuesday, the national average for a litre of Super E10 at open German stations was €2.089, from the official price-reporting data; Hessen averaged €2.139 and Baden-Württemberg €2.049 [4]. Desk arithmetic: that 9-cent gap comes to €4.50 on a 50-litre tank. The ADAC motoring club says prices are lowest shortly before 12:00 and rise sharply at noon [5], so the hour you fill up can matter about as much as where you live.

Desk arithmetic on the cited averages. This is an early-morning snapshot; prices change through the day. Nothing here is advice.

SMALL WORDS

Vigilance orange

Météo-France's warning colours run from yellow to orange to red. Orange means dangerous weather is forecast: keep informed and follow the safety advice from the authorities. Red is kept for phenomena of exceptional intensity [6]. On Tuesday morning nine départements were orange and none red [6]. The colour is a timetable for behaviour, not a forecast of disaster.

1. Öffentliche Nettostromerzeugung in den ersten drei Quartalen 2026 in Deutschland — Fraunhofer ISE Energy-Charts (Bluesky), 1 Oct 2026
2. Anteil erneuerbarer Energien an der Last, erste drei Quartale 2015–2026 — Fraunhofer ISE Energy-Charts (Bluesky), 4 Oct 2026
3. Solarstrom-Einspeisung in den ersten drei Quartalen 2026 — Fraunhofer ISE Energy-Charts (Bluesky), 2 Oct 2026
4. Spritpreise heute (20.10.2026): Durchschnitt E5, E10 und Diesel in Deutschland — kraftstoffbilliger.de (data: Markttransparenzstelle für Kraftstoffe), 20 Oct 2026, 05:12
5. Leichter Preisanstieg bei Diesel und Benzin — ADAC, 14 Oct 2026
6. Vigilance accessible — Vigilance météo et crues pour mardi 20 octobre — Météo-France, 20 Oct 2026, 04:06 Paris

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